



ganeti

Ganeti Virtual Machine Cluster in Production

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Acknowledgements

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- The material was presented by Phil Regnauld from NSRC (<https://www.nsrc.org/>).



Introduction

- Ganeti is a virtual machine cluster management tool developed by Google.
- It uses:
 - either Xen, KVM or LXC as the virtualization platform,
 - LVM for disk management, and
 - Optionally DRBD for disk replication across physical hosts.
- Since 2007 Ganeti is developed and released as free and open-source software.
- Very actively developed.
 - preferred platform is Debian, others can be used.



Introduction Cont'd.

- Ganeti controls:
 - Disk creation management,
 - Operating system installation for instances (in co-operation with OS-specific install scripts), and
 - Startup, shutdown, and failover between physical systems.
- Ganeti is designed to facilitate cluster management of virtual servers and to provide fast and simple recovery after physical failures using commodity hardware.



Ganeti Features

- Ganeti provides the following features for managed instances:
- Support for Xen virtualization
 - Support for PVM and HVM instances
 - Support for live migration
 - Virtual console (on PVM) or VNC (on HVM) to control instances
 - Support for virtio or emulated devices



Ganeti Features Cont'd.

- Support for KVM virtualization
 - Support for live migration
 - Support for fully virtualized instances
 - Support for semi-virtualized instances (kernel residing on the host)
 - Support for VNC or serial access
 - Support for virtio or emulated devices



Ganeti Features Cont'd.

- Instance disk partitioning
- Export/import mechanism for backup purposes or migration between clusters
- Automated instance migration across clusters
- Remote API for integration with other systems



Ganeti Features Cont'd.

- Disk management
 - Plain LVM volumes
 - Files
 - Across-the-network RAID1 (using DRBD) for quick recovery in case of physical system failure
 - Support for third party storage solutions using External Storage Providers and shared filesystems (disk images on NFS, for example)



Ganeti caveats

- Command-line based
 - Has a learning curve
 - Lots of features
 - Still fairly simpler to manage
- No web interface included
- Doesn't natively support the idea of different users and roles
 - but Ganeti Web Manager adds this



Terminology

- instance = a virtual machine (guest)
- node = a physical server (host)
- cluster = all nodes



Cluster management

- One of the nodes in the cluster is the master.
 - It maintains all the cluster state and copies it to other nodes.
 - It sends commands to the other nodes.
- It has an extra IP alias (the cluster address).



Cluster management Cont'd.

- All commands are executed on the master.
- If the master fails, you can promote another node to be master.
 - This is a manual event.
 - Log on to the node that will become master:
 - Run the following command:

gnt-cluster master-failover



Cluster Installation

- Installation:
 - *apt-get install ganeti/wheezy-backports*
 - *apt-get update && apt-get install snf-ganeti*



Cluster Initialization

- Initialization:

```
gnt-cluster init --secondary-ip 192.168.x.x --vg-name=ganeti \  
  --master-netdev=<mgmt-bridge> \  
  --enabled-hypervisors=kvm \  
  --hypervisor-parameters  
    kvm:kernel_path=,initrd_path=,vnc_bind_address=0.0.0.0 \  
  --nic-parameters link=<default-vm-bridge> \  
  --disk-parameters=drbd:metavg=ganeti \  
  --maintain-node-health=yes \  
  --default-iallocator hail \  
  --specs-nic-count min=0,max=16 \  
  --enabled-disk-templates plain,drbd,ext \  
  ganeti.example.co.ke
```



Other Cluster Commands

- Add node to cluster:

```
gnt-node add -s 192.168.x.y ganeti-node-02.example.co.ke
```

- Verifying Configuration:

```
gnt-cluster verify
```

- Redistribute Configuration:

```
gnt-cluster redist-conf
```



“Plain” instance

- Instance disks are Logical Volumes, stored on a
- Volume Group
- Can be expanded as required



“Plain” instance Cont’d.

- *Command:*

```
gnt-instance add -t plain \  
  -o noop -n ganeti-node \  
  --disk 0:size=10G --disk 1:size=10G \  
  -B vcpus=1,memory=1G \  
  --no-install --no-start --no-ip-check --no-name-check \  
  instance-name.example.co.ke
```

```
gnt-instance modify -H  
  boot_order=cdrom,cdrom_image_path=/var/ganeti/iso/debian-7.8.0-  
  amd64-netinst.iso instance-name.example.co.ke
```

```
gnt-instance modify -H boot_order=disk,cdrom_image_path=""  
  instance-name.example.co.ke
```



“Plain” instance Cont’d.

- Command:

```
gnt-instance add -t plain \  
  --no-ip-check --no-name-check --no-wait-for-  
  sync \  
  --disk=0:size=100G,vg=ganeti,metavg=ganeti \  
  -B vcpus=4,memory=4G \  
  -o snf-image+freebsd-11-2 \  
  --net 0:link=<default-vm-bridge> \  
  -n ganeti-node \  
  instance-name.example.co.ke
```



“DRBD” instance

- Instance (Guest) does not use LV directly
- DRBD layer replicates disk to secondary node (B)
- Failover / migration becomes possible



“DRBD” instance Cont’d.

- Command

```
gnt-instance add -t drbd \  
  --no-ip-check --no-name-check --no-wait-for-  
  sync \  
  --disk=0:size=100G,vg=ganeti,metavg=ganeti \  
  -B vcpus=4,memory=4G \  
  -o snf-image+freebsd-11-2 \  
  --net 0:link=<default-vm-bridge> \  
  -n primary-node:secondary-node \  
  instance-name.example.co.ke
```



DRBD: Migration

- Copy RAM + state of Instance 1 from A to B
- Pause Instance 1 on A
- Copy RAM again, reverse DRBD roles
- Resume Instance on B - B is now primary for Instance 1
- Command:

gnt-instance migrate instance-name.example.co.ke



Unplanned node failure

- Instance 2 was running on node B
- It can be restarted on its secondary node (instance failover)
- This is a manual event
- Command:
- If the instance is off:
`gnt-instance failover instance-name.example.co.ke`
- If the instance is on (when there is no node failure):
`gnt-instance migrate instance-name.example.co.ke`



Available storage templates

- plain: logical volume
- drbd: replicated logical volume
- file: local raw disk image file
- sharedfile: disk image file over NFS etc
- blockdev: any pre-existing block device
- rbd: Ceph (RADOS) distributed storage
- diskless: no disk (e.g. live CD)
- ext: pluggable storage API



Networking

- You need one management IP address per node, plus one cluster management IP
 - all on the same management subnet
- Optional: separate replication network for drbd traffic
- Optional: additional network(s) for guests to connect to
 - so they cannot see the cluster nodes
 - reduces the impact of a DoS attack on a guest VM



Ganeti Scaling

- Start with just one or two nodes!
- Recommended you limit cluster to 40 nodes.
- Beyond this you can just build more clusters.



Available instance OS definitions

- ganeti-os-noop
 - empty script, does nothing
- ganeti-instance-debootstrap
 - install Debian/Ubuntu from .deb packages downloaded over the net
- ganeti-instance-image
 - unpacks prepared dump or tar images
- snf-image
 - image cloning part of the synnefo cloud solution
- modify or write your own



Limitations of each approach

- Install from ISO? Have to learn to attach VGA console. Have to do manual install each time
- Install using debootstrap? Currently have to manually install grub in the guest; or have to boot from kernel on the host filesystem
- Install from filesystem dump? Have to prepare the dump. Have to script post-install tweaks
- Clone disk image? May need to resize partitions and filesystems to desired size
- snf-image does this for you



Note for Windows guests

- Attach a second CD-ROM with the RedHat Windows Virtio drivers (free)
 - `cdrom2_image_path=...`
 - `cdrom_disk_type=ide`
- Install Windows with virtio disk, network and balloon memory drivers
- Makes Windows work much better in the virtual environment

```
gnt-instance start windows-test.example.co.ke -H  
cdrom_image_path=/home/ganeti/iso/windows.iso,cdrom  
2_image_path="/home/ganeti/iso/virtio-win-0.1-100.iso"
```



Web interfaces

- The Ganeti RAPI (Remote API) allows other systems to interface into Ganeti
- There are two standalone web front-ends available
 - Ganeti Web Manager (OSU OSL: Oregon State University Open Source Labs)
 - Ganeti Manager (GRNET NOC: Greek Academic, Research and Education Network NOC)
- Both are Python/Django applications
 - aka “non-trivial installations”
- Both projects are active.



Ganetimgr



- Home
- Create Instance
- Applications
- Admin
- Clear Cache

- Home
- Send Mail
- Cluster Info
- Nodes
- Jobs
- Audit Log
- Statistics
- Applications
- Instance Owners
- Idle Accounts
- My Profile
- Admin

Home

My instances

Display 20 instances

Search:

Showing 1 to 20 of 42 entries

Previous 1 2 3 Next

Name	Cluster	Node	Memory	Disk	CPUs	Status	Network	Owner	Options
	kenet		8.0 GB	100.0 GB	3	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	50.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-19		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	50.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		2.0 GB	20.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		16.0 GB	200.0 GB	8	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		16.0 GB	200.0 GB	8	Running	br-serv-19		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	200.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	200.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-19		Options
	kenet		8.0 GB	100.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	10.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options
	kenet		4.0 GB	50.0 GB	2	Running	br-serv-00		Options

Ganeti Web Manager



en | You are logged in as **hezron**, [Logout](#)

Cluster : **[REDACTED]**

- Overview
- Virtual Machines
- Nodes
- Users
- Log
- Jobs

	Name	Memory Allocated [GiB]	Disk Allocated [GiB]	CPUs (A/P)	Instances (P/S)
✓	[REDACTED]-09	22 / 31.42	440 / 929.57	2 / 1	5 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-07	20 / 31.42	550 / 929.54	6 / 1	2 / 3
✓	[REDACTED]-08	10 / 15.68	140 / 270.99	3 / 1	5 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-06	12 / 35.42	300 / 4654.04	5 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-07	10 / 31.42	300 / 929.57	6 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-05	12 / 35.42	320 / 4654.04	2 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-06	24 / 35.42	300 / 4654.04	12 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-u-00	16 / 63.05	220 / 929.57	5 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-u-01	8 / 63.05	228 / 929.57	6 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-n-00	22 / 63.05	290 / 929.57	9 / 1	9 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-01	20 / 63.05	338 / 929.57	8 / 1	11 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-02	14 / 31.48	250 / 929.57	8 / 1	3 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-05	24 / 35.42	320 / 4654.04	16 / 1	1 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-02	14 / 31.48	250 / 929.57	4 / 1	2 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-03	2 / 31.48	50 / 929.57	2 / 1	1 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-04	11 / 31.48	270 / 929.57	4 / 1	2 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-10	30 / 189.19	1800 / 52159.57	10 / 1	2 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-u-11	18 / 189.19	300 / 52159.57	16 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-04	15 / 31.48	320 / 929.57	9 / 1	0 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-10	34 / 189.19	1400 / 52159.57	10 / 1	1 / 0
✓	[REDACTED]-11	18 / 189.19	300 / 52159.57	16 / 1	1 / 0

- Overview
- Clusters
- Virtual Machines
- Templates
- Create VM
- Error Log

Search

- Admin
- Orphan VMs
 - Import VMs
 - Missing VMs
 - Import Nodes
 - Missing Nodes
 - Users
 - Groups

[About Ganeti Web Manager](#)

Cloud Lightweight options

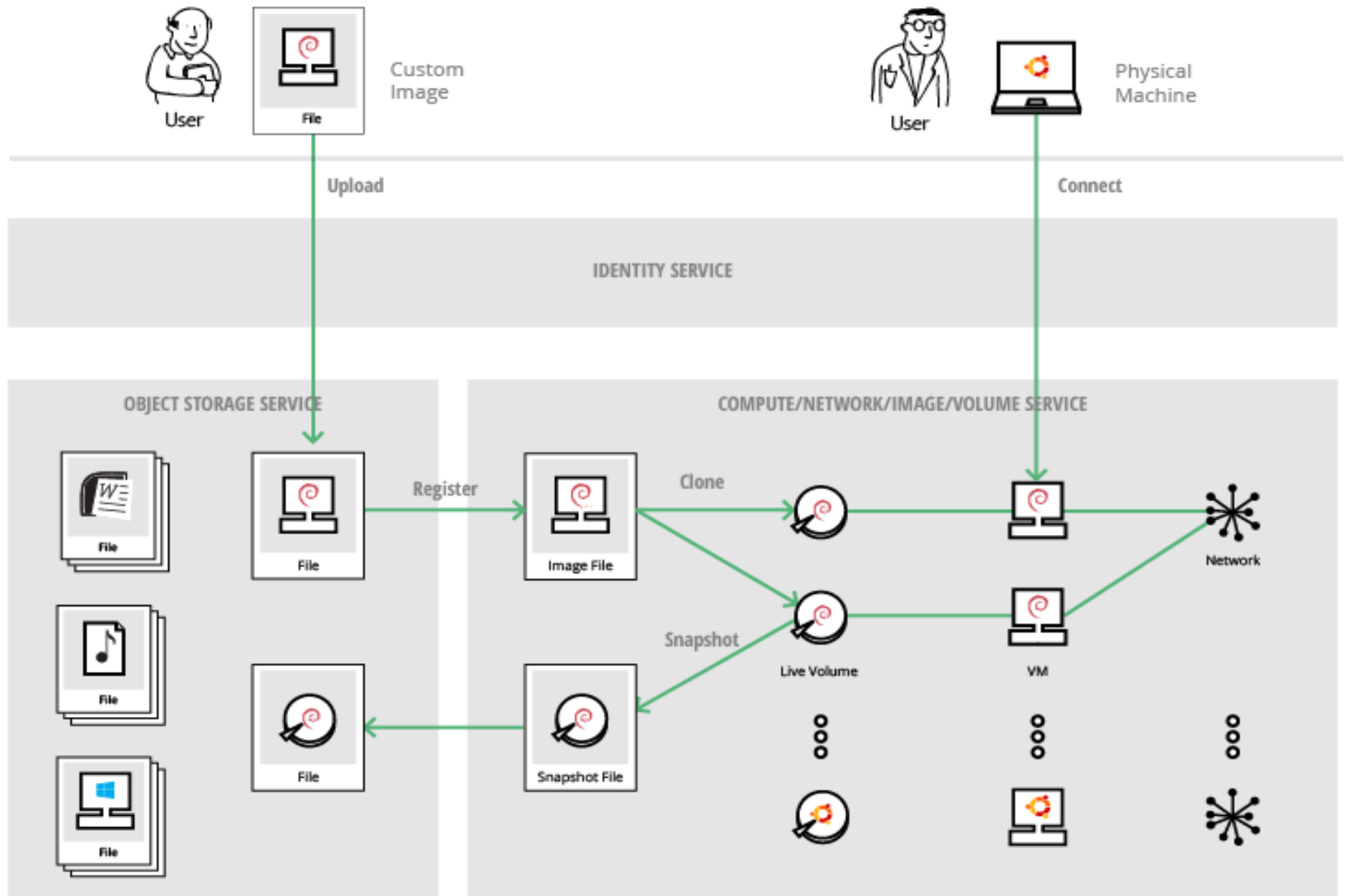
- Ganeti + ganetimgr
 - Basic provisioning of VMs via web tickets
 - Thin front-end to Ganeti cluster RAPI
 - Ideal for university-type environment
- Synnefo
 - A full cloud system on top of one or more Ganeti clusters

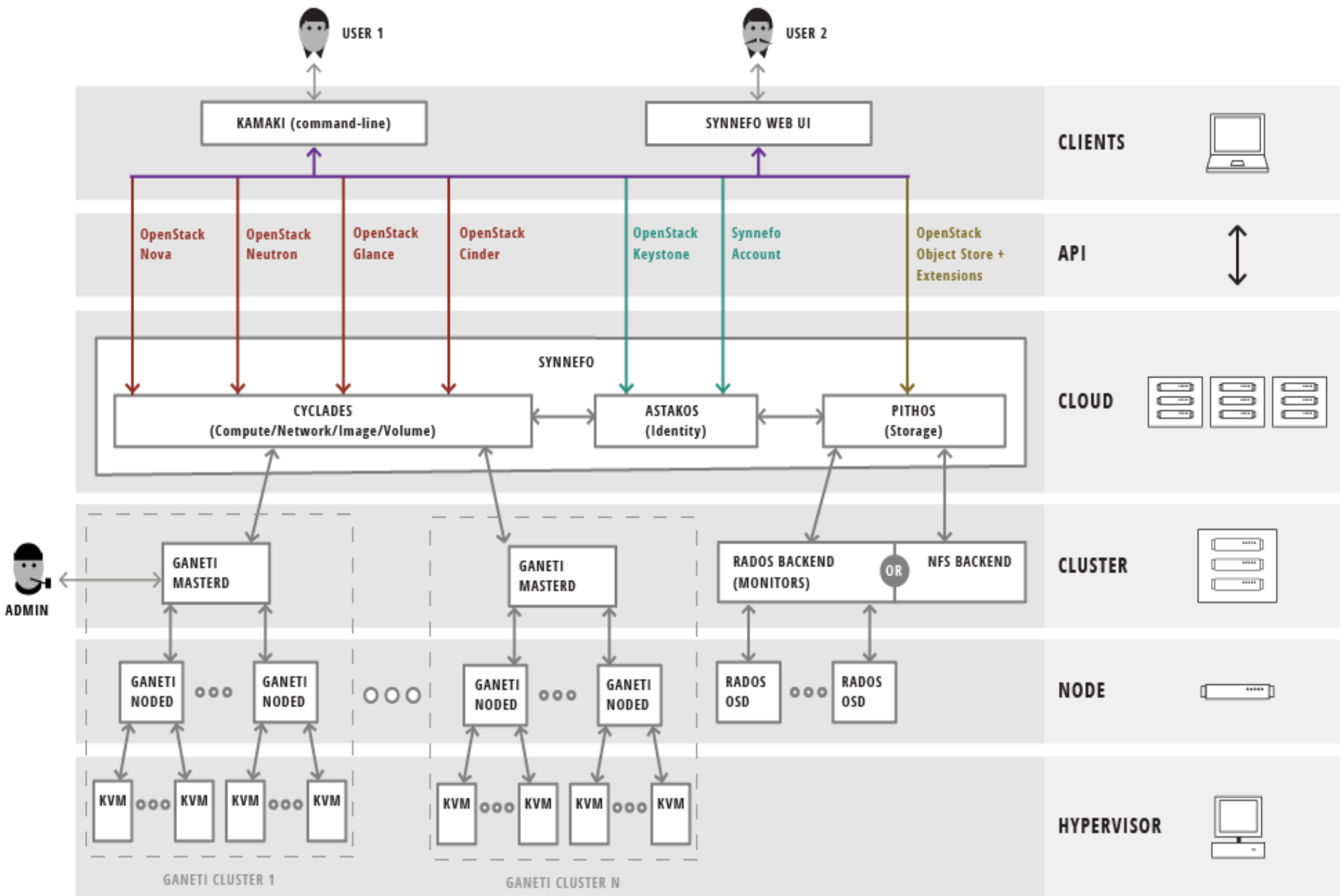


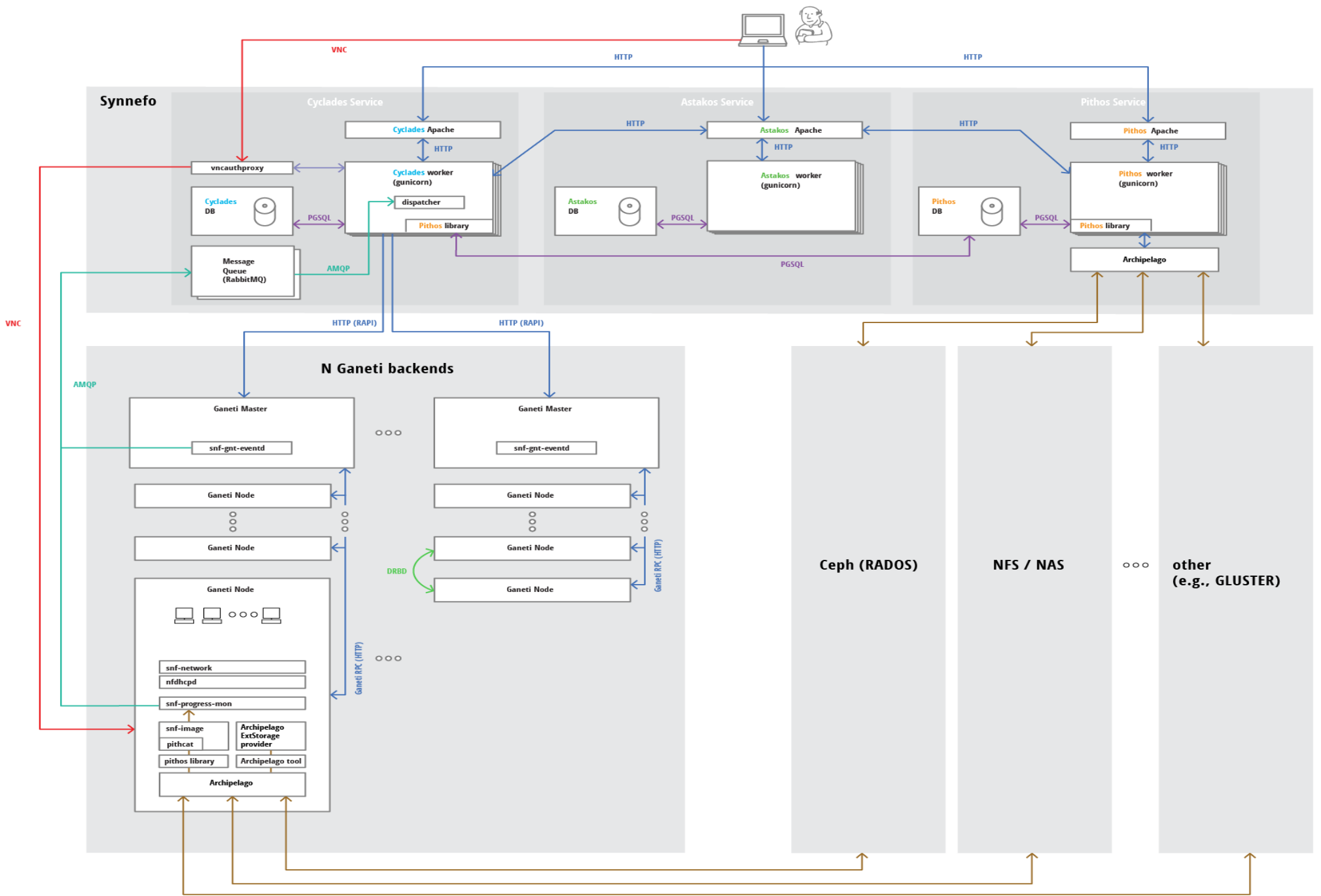
Synnefo components

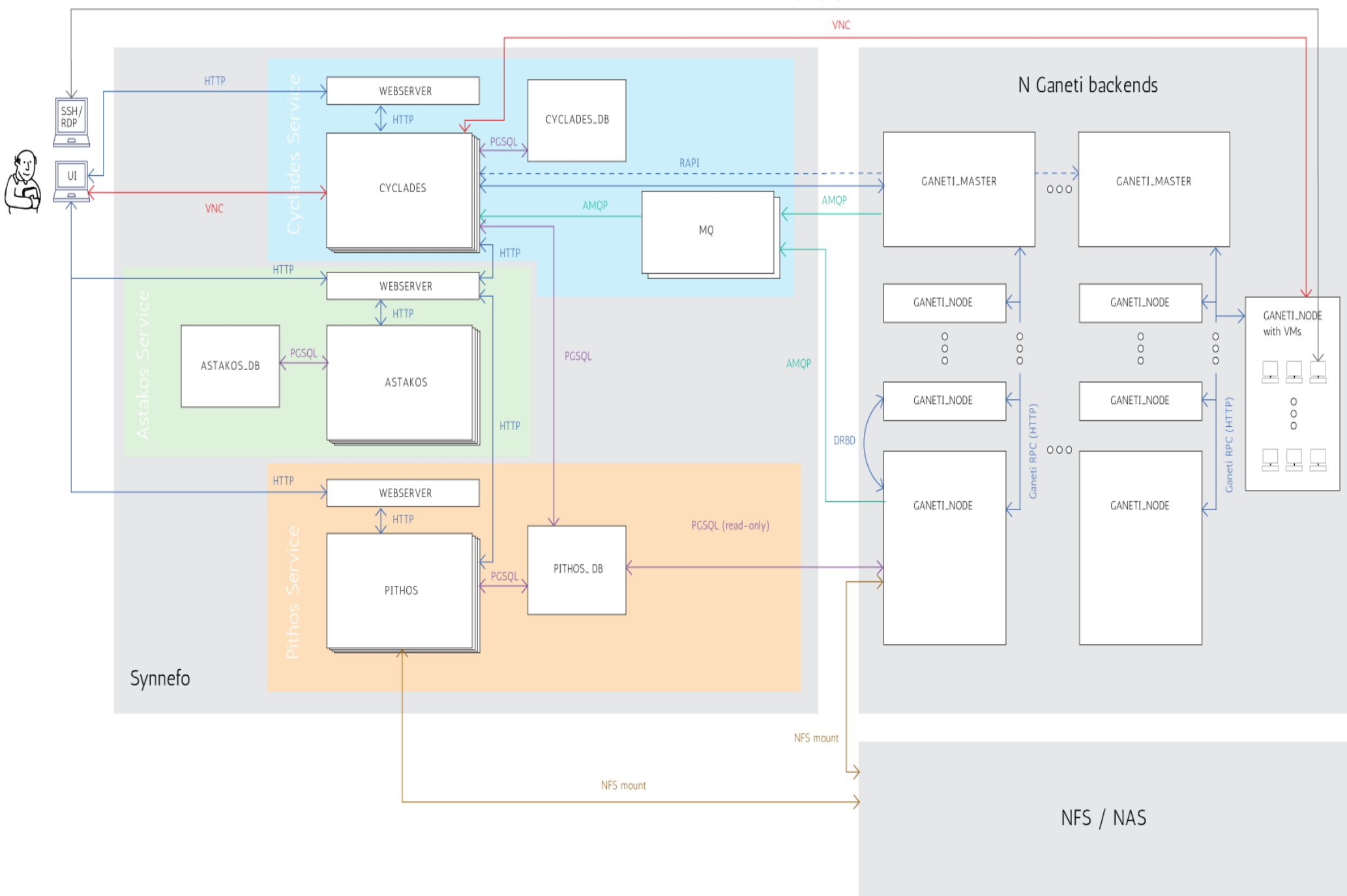
- "Cyclades": compute, network, image, volume
 - Uses Ganeti as backend
- "Pithos": file and object storage
 - Uses Ceph (radosgw) or NFS storage
- "Astakos": identity and account services
- Provides web interface and OpenStack APIs











Synnefo

The screenshot displays the Synnefo Compute management interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with icons for a monitor, storage, a gear, and a key, labeled 'IP'. The main header area includes the 'Compute' logo and the word 'machines'. Below this, there is a 'New Machine +' button and view options for 'icon', 'list', and 'single'. The main content area shows a list of five machines, each with a monitor icon, a name, a status indicator (four green squares labeled 'Running'), and a set of action buttons ('info', 'disks', 'IPs'). To the right of the list, a context menu is open, showing options: 'Reboot', 'Shutdown', 'Console', 'Resize', and 'Destroy'. A mouse cursor is positioned over the 'Destroy' option.

What distinguishes IaaS from just "virtualization"?

- Self-service
 - Users create, manage and destroy their own VMs and storage
- Multi-tenant
 - Multiple users on the same infrastructure, but isolated from each other
- Resource accounting
 - Feeds into billing



References

- <http://www.ganeti.org/>
- <http://docs.ganeti.org/>
- <https://ganeti.googleusercontent.com/wiki/+/master/DocumentationByCategory.md>
- <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ganeti>

- <https://github.com/grnet/ganetimgr>
- <https://ganetimgr.readthedocs.io/en/master/install.html>

- https://github.com/osuosl/ganeti_webmgr
- <https://ganeti-webmgr.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ganeti_Web_Manager

- <https://www.synnefo.org/>
- <https://www.synnefo.org/resources/>
- <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Synnefo>



Q&A.

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THANK YOU!